

# CHARMED, STRANGE MESONS ( $C = S = \pm 1$ )

$D_s^+ = c\bar{s}$ ,  $D_s^- = \bar{c}s$ , similarly for  $D_s^{*+}$ 's

$D_s^\pm$

$I(J^P) = 0(0^-)$

Mass  $m = 1968.28 \pm 0.10$  MeV

$m_{D_s^\pm} - m_{D^\pm} = 98.69 \pm 0.05$  MeV

Mean life  $\tau = (500 \pm 7) \times 10^{-15}$  s ( $S = 1.3$ )

$c\tau = 149.9 \mu\text{m}$

## $CP$ -violating decay-rate asymmetries

$$A_{CP}(\mu^\pm\nu) = (5 \pm 6)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0) = (0.08 \pm 0.26)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^+ K^- \pi^\pm) = (-0.5 \pm 0.9)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\phi\pi^\pm) = (-0.38 \pm 0.27)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^0) = (-2 \pm 6)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(2K_S^0 \pi^\pm) = (3 \pm 5)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^+ K^- \pi^\pm \pi^0) = (0.0 \pm 3.0)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-) = (-6 \pm 5)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K_S^0 K^\mp 2\pi^\pm) = (4.1 \pm 2.8)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^\pm) = (-0.7 \pm 3.1)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\pi^\pm \eta) = (1.1 \pm 3.1)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\pi^\pm \eta') = (-2.2 \pm 2.3)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\eta \pi^\pm \pi^0) = (-1 \pm 4)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\eta' \pi^\pm \pi^0) = (0 \pm 8)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm \pi^0) = (-27 \pm 24)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(\overline{K}^0 / K^0 \pi^\pm) = (0.4 \pm 0.5)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K_S^0 \pi^\pm) = (3.1 \pm 2.6)\% \quad (S = 1.7)$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-) = (4 \pm 5)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm \eta) = (9 \pm 15)\%$$

$$A_{CP}(K^\pm \eta'(958)) = (6 \pm 19)\%$$

## $CP$ violating asymmetries of $P$ -odd ( $T$ -odd) moments

$$A_T(K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-) = (-14 \pm 8) \times 10^{-3} \quad [a]$$

$D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$  form factors

$$r_2 = 0.84 \pm 0.11 \quad (S = 2.4)$$

$$r_\nu = 1.80 \pm 0.08$$

$$\Gamma_L/\Gamma_T = 0.72 \pm 0.18$$

Unless otherwise noted, the branching fractions for modes with a resonance in the final state include all the decay modes of the resonance.  $D_s^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

$D_s^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
<b>Inclusive modes</b>			
$e^+$ semileptonic	[b] ( $6.5 \pm 0.4$ ) %		—
$\pi^+$ anything	( $119.3 \pm 1.4$ ) %		—
$\pi^-$ anything	( $43.2 \pm 0.9$ ) %		—
$\pi^0$ anything	( $123 \pm 7$ ) %		—
$K^-$ anything	( $18.7 \pm 0.5$ ) %		—
$K^+$ anything	( $28.9 \pm 0.7$ ) %		—
$K_S^0$ anything	( $19.0 \pm 1.1$ ) %		—
$\eta$ anything	[c] ( $29.9 \pm 2.8$ ) %		—
$\omega$ anything	( $6.1 \pm 1.4$ ) %		—
$\eta'$ anything	[d] ( $10.3 \pm 1.4$ ) %	S=1.1	—
$f_0(980)$ anything, $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	< 1.3 %	CL=90%	—
$\phi$ anything	( $15.7 \pm 1.0$ ) %		—
$K^+ K^-$ anything	( $15.8 \pm 0.7$ ) %		—
$K_S^0 K^+$ anything	( $5.8 \pm 0.5$ ) %		—
$K_S^0 K^-$ anything	( $1.9 \pm 0.4$ ) %		—
$2K_S^0$ anything	( $1.70 \pm 0.32$ ) %		—
$2K^+$ anything	< $2.6 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	—
$2K^-$ anything	< $6 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	—
<b>Leptonic and semileptonic modes</b>			
$e^+ \nu_e$	< $8.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	984
$\mu^+ \nu_\mu$	( $5.50 \pm 0.23$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$		981
$\tau^+ \nu_\tau$	( $5.48 \pm 0.23$ ) %		182
$K^+ K^- e^+ \nu_e$	—		851
$\phi e^+ \nu_e$	[e] ( $2.39 \pm 0.23$ ) %	S=1.8	720
$\eta e^+ \nu_e + \eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e$	[e] ( $2.96 \pm 0.29$ ) %		—
$\eta e^+ \nu_e$	[e] ( $2.29 \pm 0.19$ ) %		908
$\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e$	[e] ( $7.4 \pm 1.4$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$		751
$\omega e^+ \nu_e$	[f] < $2.0 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	829
$K^0 e^+ \nu_e$	( $3.9 \pm 0.9$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$		921
$K^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$	[e] ( $1.8 \pm 0.4$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$		782
<b>Hadronic modes with a <math>K\bar{K}</math> pair</b>			
$K^+ K_S^0$	( $1.50 \pm 0.05$ ) %		850
$K^+ \bar{K}^0$	( $2.95 \pm 0.14$ ) %		850
$K^+ K^- \pi^+$	[g] ( $5.45 \pm 0.17$ ) %	S=1.2	805
$\phi \pi^+$	[e,h] ( $4.5 \pm 0.4$ ) %		712
$\phi \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	[h] ( $2.27 \pm 0.08$ ) %		712

$K^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$ , $\bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	( $-2.61 \pm 0.09$ ) %	416
$f_0(980)\pi^+$ , $f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	( $1.15 \pm 0.32$ ) %	732
$f_0(1370)\pi^+$ , $f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	( $7 \pm 5$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	-
$f_0(1710)\pi^+$ , $f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	( $6.7 \pm 2.9$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	198
$K^+ \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0$ , $\bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	( $1.9 \pm 0.4$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	218
$K^+ K_S^0 \pi^0$	( $1.52 \pm 0.22$ ) %	805
$2K_S^0 \pi^+$	( $7.7 \pm 0.6$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	802
$K^0 \bar{K}^0 \pi^+$	—	802
$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^0$	[e] ( $5.4 \pm 1.2$ ) %	683
$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	( $6.3 \pm 0.6$ ) %	748
$\phi \rho^+$	[e] ( $8.4 \begin{array}{l} +1.9 \\ -2.3 \end{array}$ ) %	401
$K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+$	( $1.67 \pm 0.10$ ) %	744
$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[e] ( $7.2 \pm 2.6$ ) %	416
$K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	( $1.03 \pm 0.10$ ) %	744
$K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	( $8.7 \pm 1.5$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	673
$\phi 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	[e] ( $1.21 \pm 0.16$ ) %	640
$K^+ K^- \rho^0 \pi^+ \text{non-}\phi$	< $2.6 \times 10^{-4}$ CL=90%	249
$\phi \rho^0 \pi^+$ , $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	( $6.5 \pm 1.3$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	181
$\phi a_1(1260)^+$ , $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$ , $a_1^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^+$	( $7.5 \pm 1.2$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	†
$K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- \text{nonresonant}$	( $9 \pm 7$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	673
$2K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	( $9 \pm 4$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	669

**Hadronic modes without  $K$ 's**

$\pi^+ \pi^0$	< $3.5 \times 10^{-4}$ CL=90%	975
$2\pi^+ \pi^-$	( $1.09 \pm 0.05$ ) % S=1.1	959
$\rho^0 \pi^+$	( $2.0 \pm 1.2$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	825
$\pi^+(\pi^+ \pi^-)_{S-\text{wave}}$	[i] ( $9.1 \pm 0.4$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	959
$f_2(1270)\pi^+$ , $f_2 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	( $1.10 \pm 0.20$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	559
$\rho(1450)^0 \pi^+$ , $\rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	( $3.0 \pm 2.0$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	421
$\pi^+ 2\pi^0$	( $6.5 \pm 1.3$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	960
$2\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	—	935
$\eta \pi^+$	[e] ( $1.70 \pm 0.09$ ) % S=1.1	902
$\omega \pi^+$	[e] ( $2.4 \pm 0.6$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	822
$3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	( $8.0 \pm 0.8$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	899
$2\pi^+ \pi^- 2\pi^0$	—	902
$\eta \rho^+$	[e] ( $8.9 \pm 0.8$ ) %	724
$\eta \pi^+ \pi^0$	( $9.2 \pm 1.2$ ) %	885
$\omega \pi^+ \pi^0$	[e] ( $2.8 \pm 0.7$ ) %	802
$3\pi^+ 2\pi^- \pi^0$	( $4.9 \pm 3.2$ ) %	856
$\omega 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	[e] ( $1.6 \pm 0.5$ ) %	766

$\eta'(958)\pi^+$	[d,e]	( $3.94 \pm 0.25$ ) %	743
$3\pi^+ 2\pi^- 2\pi^0$		—	803
$\omega\eta\pi^+$	[e]	< 2.13 %	CL=90% 654
$\eta'(958)\rho^+$	[d,e]	( $5.8 \pm 1.5$ ) %	465
$\eta'(958)\pi^+\pi^0$		( $5.6 \pm 0.8$ ) %	720
$\eta'(958)\pi^+\pi^0$ nonresonant	<	5.1 %	CL=90% 720

**Modes with one or three  $K$ 's**

$K^+\pi^0$		( $6.3 \pm 2.1$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	917
$K_S^0\pi^+$		( $1.22 \pm 0.06$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	916
$K^+\eta$	[e]	( $1.77 \pm 0.35$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	835
$K^+\omega$	[e]	< $2.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90% 741
$K^+\eta'(958)$	[e]	( $1.8 \pm 0.6$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	646
$K^+\pi^+\pi^-$		( $6.6 \pm 0.4$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	900
$K^+\rho^0$		( $2.5 \pm 0.4$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	745
$K^+\rho(1450)^0, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$		( $7.0 \pm 2.4$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	—
$K^*(892)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow$		( $1.42 \pm 0.24$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	775
$K^+\pi^-$			—
$K^*(1410)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow$		( $1.24 \pm 0.29$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	—
$K^+\pi^-$			—
$K^*(1430)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow$		( $5.0 \pm 3.5$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	—
$K^+\pi^-$			—
$K^+\pi^+\pi^-$ nonresonant		( $1.04 \pm 0.34$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	900
$K^0\pi^+\pi^0$		( $1.00 \pm 0.18$ ) %	899
$K_S^0 2\pi^+\pi^-$		( $3.0 \pm 1.1$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	870
$K^+\omega\pi^0$	[e]	< $8.2 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90% 684
$K^+\omega\pi^+\pi^-$	[e]	< $5.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90% 603
$K^+\omega\eta$	[e]	< $7.9 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90% 366
$2K^+K^-$		( $2.18 \pm 0.21$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	627
$\phi K^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$		( $8.9 \pm 2.0$ ) $\times 10^{-5}$	—

**Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes**

$2K^+\pi^-$		( $1.27 \pm 0.13$ ) $\times 10^{-4}$	805
$K^+K^*(892)^0, K^{*0} \rightarrow$		( $6.0 \pm 3.4$ ) $\times 10^{-5}$	—
$K^+\pi^-$			—

**Baryon-antibaryon mode**

$p\bar{n}$		( $1.3 \pm 0.4$ ) $\times 10^{-3}$	295
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 **$\Delta C = 1$  weak neutral current (**C1**) modes,  
Lepton family number (**LF**), or  
Lepton number (**L**) violating modes**

$\pi^+ e^+ e^-$	[j]	< $1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90% 979
$\pi^+ \phi, \phi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$	[k]	( $6 \pm 4$ ) $\times 10^{-6}$	—
$\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	[j]	< $4.1 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90% 968
$K^+ e^+ e^-$	C1	< $3.7 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90% 922

$K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	<i>C1</i>	< 2.1	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	909
$K^*(892)^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	<i>C1</i>	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	765
$\pi^+ e^+ \mu^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.2	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	976
$\pi^+ e^- \mu^+$	<i>LF</i>	< 2.0	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	976
$K^+ e^+ \mu^-$	<i>LF</i>	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	919
$K^+ e^- \mu^+$	<i>LF</i>	< 9.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	919
$\pi^- 2e^+$	<i>L</i>	< 4.1	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	979
$\pi^- 2\mu^+$	<i>L</i>	< 1.2	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%	968
$\pi^- e^+ \mu^+$	<i>L</i>	< 8.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	976
$K^- 2e^+$	<i>L</i>	< 5.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	922
$K^- 2\mu^+$	<i>L</i>	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	909
$K^- e^+ \mu^+$	<i>L</i>	< 6.1	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	919
$K^*(892)^- 2\mu^+$	<i>L</i>	< 1.4	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	765

$D_s^{*\pm}$

$$I(J^P) = 0(?)$$

$J^P$  is natural, width and decay modes consistent with  $1^-$ .

Mass  $m = 2112.1 \pm 0.4$  MeV

$$m_{D_s^{*\pm}} - m_{D_s^\pm} = 143.8 \pm 0.4$$
 MeV

Full width  $\Gamma < 1.9$  MeV, CL = 90%

$D_s^{*-}$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

$D_s^{*+}$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D_s^+ \gamma$	(93.5±0.7) %	139
$D_s^+ \pi^0$	( 5.8±0.7) %	48
$D_s^+ e^+ e^-$	( 6.7±1.6) $\times 10^{-3}$	139

$D_{s0}^*(2317)^\pm$

$$I(J^P) = 0(0^+)$$

$J, P$  need confirmation.

$J^P$  is natural, low mass consistent with  $0^+$ .

Mass  $m = 2317.7 \pm 0.6$  MeV (S = 1.1)

$$m_{D_{s0}^*(2317)^\pm} - m_{D_s^\pm} = 349.4 \pm 0.6$$
 MeV (S = 1.1)

Full width  $\Gamma < 3.8$  MeV, CL = 95%

$D_{s0}^*(2317)^-$  modes are charge conjugates of modes below.

$D_{s0}^*(2317)^\pm$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D_s^+ \pi^0$	seen	298
$D_s^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	not seen	205

**$D_{s1}(2460)^{\pm}$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^+)$$

Mass  $m = 2459.5 \pm 0.6$  MeV ( $S = 1.1$ )

$m_{D_{s1}(2460)^{\pm}} - m_{D_s^{*\pm}} = 347.3 \pm 0.7$  MeV ( $S = 1.2$ )

$m_{D_{s1}(2460)^{\pm}} - m_{D_s^{\pm}} = 491.2 \pm 0.6$  MeV ( $S = 1.1$ )

Full width  $\Gamma < 3.5$  MeV, CL = 95%

$D_{s1}(2460)^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

<b><math>D_{s1}(2460)^+</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D_s^{*+} \pi^0$	(48 $\pm 11$ ) %		297
$D_s^+ \gamma$	(18 $\pm 4$ ) %		442
$D_s^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 4.3 $\pm$ 1.3 ) %	S=1.1	363
$D_s^{*+} \gamma$	< 8 %	CL=90%	323
$D_{s0}^*(2317)^+ \gamma$	( 3.7 $\pm$ 5.0 ) %		138

**$D_{s1}(2536)^{\pm}$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^+)$$

$J, P$  need confirmation.

Mass  $m = 2535.10 \pm 0.06$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 0.92 \pm 0.05$  MeV

$D_{s1}(2536)^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

<b><math>D_{s1}(2536)^+</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D^*(2010)^+ K^0$	0.85 $\pm$ 0.12		149
$(D^*(2010)^+ K^0)_{S-wave}$	0.61 $\pm$ 0.09		149
$D^+ \pi^- K^+$	0.028 $\pm$ 0.005		176
$D^*(2007)^0 K^+$	<b>DEFINED AS 1</b>		167
$D^+ K^0$	<0.34	90%	381
$D^0 K^+$	<0.12	90%	391
$D_s^{*+} \gamma$	possibly seen		388
$D_s^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen		437

**$D_{s2}^*(2573)$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(2^+)$$

$J^P$  is natural, width and decay modes consistent with  $2^+$ .

Mass  $m = 2569.1 \pm 0.8$  MeV ( $S = 2.4$ )

Full width  $\Gamma = 16.9 \pm 0.8$  MeV

$D_{s2}^*(2573)^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

<b><math>D_{s2}^*(2573)^+</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D^0 K^+$	seen	431
$D^*(2007)^0 K^+$	not seen	238

### **$D_{s1}^*(2700)^{\pm}$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^-)$$

Mass  $m = 2708.3^{+4.0}_{-3.4}$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 120 \pm 11$  MeV

### NOTES

- [a] See the Particle Listings for the (complicated) definition of this quantity.
- [b] This is the purely  $e^+$  semileptonic branching fraction: the  $e^+$  fraction from  $\tau^+$  decays has been subtracted off. The sum of our (non- $\tau$ )  $e^+$  exclusive fractions — an  $e^+ \nu_e$  with an  $\eta$ ,  $\eta'$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $K^0$ ,  $K^{*0}$ , or  $f_0(980)$  — is  $7.0 \pm 0.4$  %
- [c] This fraction includes  $\eta$  from  $\eta'$  decays.
- [d] Two times (to include  $\mu$  decays) the  $\eta' e^+ \nu_e$  branching fraction, plus the  $\eta' \pi^+$ ,  $\eta' \rho^+$ , and  $\eta' K^+$  fractions, is  $(18.6 \pm 2.3)\%$ , which considerably exceeds the inclusive  $\eta'$  fraction of  $(11.7 \pm 1.8)\%$ . Our best guess is that the  $\eta' \rho^+$  fraction,  $(12.5 \pm 2.2)\%$ , is too large.
- [e] This branching fraction includes all the decay modes of the final-state resonance.
- [f] A test for  $u\bar{u}$  or  $d\bar{d}$  content in the  $D_s^+$ . Neither Cabibbo-favored nor Cabibbo-suppressed decays can contribute, and  $\omega-\phi$  mixing is an unlikely explanation for any fraction above about  $2 \times 10^{-4}$ .
- [g] The branching fraction for this mode may differ from the sum of the submodes that contribute to it, due to interference effects. See the relevant papers in the Particle Listings.
- [h] We decouple the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$  branching fraction obtained from mass projections (and used to get some of the other branching fractions) from the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$ ,  $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$  branching fraction obtained from the Dalitz-plot analysis of  $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$ . That is, the ratio of these two branching fractions is not exactly the  $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$  branching fraction 0.491.
- [i] This is the average of a model-independent and a  $K$ -matrix parametrization of the  $\pi^+ \pi^-$   $S$ -wave and is a sum over several  $f_0$  mesons.

- [j] This mode is not a useful test for a  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.
- [k] This is *not* a test for the  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current, but leads to the  $\pi^+ \ell^+ \ell^-$  final state.